Genesis: The Key to the Bible (Part 12) A Genealogy of the True Followers of God Descended from Adam

are one of the portions of scripture we are quick to dismiss as "" reading	
ienealogies were not intended to be used as a	
Most who reads Genesis chapter 5 would think that one only need add up the numbers contained here in order to establish theof civilization upon the earth.	er
he naming of individuals did not necessarily imply that a continuous was to be assumed.	
Often names are, and genealogical lists are	
"The expression 'A begat B' does not always implyparentage."	
Terms like 'son' and 'father' can mean not only 'and 'grandfather,' but also 'descendant' and ''respectively."	
hapter 4 gives us the genealogy of Cain, a people to God	
In chapter 5 Moses describes the line of Adam through Seth.	
Genesis 5:1-3) God's plans and purposes to be carried out through Adam's seed, Seth	
Genesis 5:4-32) Man was originally intended to many years	
Conditions for longevity were undoubtedly different to the flood.	
The long length of life would the population of the earth	
Not every child was – "other sons and daughters"	
len of faith	
Seth – appointed by God (4:25)	
Enosh – started worshipping the Lord by (4:26)	
Enoch - walked so closely with God he never (5:21-23)	
Lamech - naming of his son revealed hisof the fall, and God's curse upon the ground (5:29).	
Also indicated his that God would deliver man from the curse through the seed of Eve	٤.
hapter 5 is a grim reminder that the wages of sin is death and that God keeps His Word, in judgment and in	
Il men will die, but some will be raised to everlasting while the people of faith will spend eternity in presence of God (John 5:28,29; Revelation 20).	n